Reply of Government.—Under consideration.

SUBJECT No. 48.

Attachment lists.

Mr. S. R. Balakrishna Rao, B.A., LL.B.

Summary of discussion.—A list of immovables of or above the value of Rs. 100 attached by order of Civil Courts may be filed in the Sub-Registration Office. This will minimise the evil caused by fraudulent transfers of such immovables after attachment.

Withdrawn.

SUBJECT No. 49.

Appointment of Honorary Magistrates and Bench of Magistrates

Messrs. V. Raghavachar, Nanjangud Taluk; B. Kesavaiengar and Kesavadasaiengar, Belur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—It is prayed that Honorary Magistrates, and in big towns Benches of Magistrates, be appointed.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 50.

Appointment of juries in Sessions Cases.

Messrs. B. Kesavaiengar, Kesavadasaiengar, M. Venkatakrishnaiya and A. Anniah Pandit.

Summary of discussion.—In Sessions cases juries may be appointed in place of assessors.

When it was explained that there would be no appeal from the findings of juries on points of fact, the question was dropped by all the members except Mr. Venkatakrishnaiya, who suggested that the system might be tried in Bangalore and Mysore.

Reply of Government.—Noted.

SUBJECT No. 51.

Civil Courts to try Criminal offences arising during the course of a civil enquiry.

Messrs. Kigga Channakesava Rao, Halagur Venkatasubbaiya and Bettagere Subramanya Bhatta, Koppa Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—At present Civil Courts are not empowered to try criminally offences arising in respect of documents during the course of a civil enquiry. This has emboldened parties to commit forgery and other offences. It is therefore requested that Civil Judges may be empowered to try such cases committed before them *suo moto* without any sanction.

Withdrawn.

SUBJECT No. 52.

Separation of Judicial and Executive functions and investing Sub-Registrars with Magisterial powers.

Mr. S. R. Balakrishna Rao, B.A., LL.B., Shimoga Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—At least the Taluk Amildars may be relieved of their Magisterial functions. The Sub-Registrars may be invested with Magisterial powers. This may be done in bigger taluks and at district head-quarters. This will not interfere with the Sub-Registrars' registration work. The Amildars can attend to their executive duties unhampered by judicial work.

Reply of Government.—The best way of utilising the spare time of the Sub-Registrars will be considered.

SUBJECT No. 53.

Grant of free licenses for the destruction of wild animals.

Messrs. Halagur Venkatasubbaiya, Bettagere Subramanya Bhatta, Koppa Taluk; Patnagiri Ranganna and Tangali Narasim Iyengar, Kadur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) The fee for a shooting license has recently been raised to Rs. 5. The result has been that the havoc of tigers has increased as also the destruction of cattle. Herds of wild boar eat away the seeds on the very day they are sown. No sooner are the ears of corn ripe than they are eaten away by them, so much so, that in a single night corn standing on an acre or two is devoured. It is therefore requested that free licenses may be granted for the destruction of wild animals which kill cattle or that they may be destroyed through Government agency.

Reduction of fees for Game licenses.

Messrs Baba Sab, Tarikere Taluk, Ingalagondil Santappa Setti, Yedahalli Sub-Taluk and C. Srinivasa Rao, Chikmagalur Taluk.

(2) Formerly, the fee payable was eight annas in the case of shooting licenses and four annas in the case of gun licenses. Ever since the increase of the fee to Rs. 5 in the case of shooting licenses and the imposition of fresh restrictions, people are subjected to much hardship. All cannot afford to purchase a license for Rs. 5. Besides they are afraid of purchasing gun licenses lest they should be taken as violating the Game Rules in case they shoot any animals under unavoidable circumstances. The consequence is that tigers and bears have begun to infest areca gardens and towns. This has been the prime cause for the neglect of gardens and other lands and for affording facility for robbers to commit house-breaking and theft. It is therefore requested that in the case of the malnad at least the former rate of fees may be revived. This will not only secure safety to the people but will be profitable to Government.

Reply of Government.—There seems to be much misconception on the subject.

Wild animals are not included in the definition of "Game" in the Game Regulation. For shooting tigers, etc., it is unnecessary to take out a game license and pay Rs. 5. Under Rule 18 of the Arms Rules licenses to possess arms are issued without fee for a term of five years to persons who require arms for the destruction of wild beasts doing injury to human beings, cattle or crops.

SUBJECT No. 54.

Exemption of persons paying an assessment of not less than Rs. 200 from the operations of the Arms Regulation.

Messrs. Gundu Rao, Basave Gowda and Nanjundaiya, Bowringpet Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The patels are at present permitted to possess arms without licenses. It is requested that a similar concession may be extended to every person who pays not less than Rs. 200 as land revenue to Government.

(2) Also a person who has been once a Representative Member may be permanently exempted.

Reply of Government.—Exemptions are granted in individual cases on application. No general exemption as proposed is called for.

(2) Noted.

SUBJECT No. 55.

Exemption of Municipal Commissioners from the Arms Regulation.

Mr. S. R. Balakrishna Rao, B.A., LL.B., Shimoga Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—Municipal Commissioners may be exempted from the operation of the Arms Regulation.

Reply of Government.—This will be considered after the new Municipal Regulation is promulgated.

SUBJECT No. 56.

Training of Police Officers and Inspectors in Police Schools and the appointment of a detective Inspector.

Mr. M. Hasan Ali Beg, Mysore City Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—The Police in this State do not know the right way of detecting cases and often make themselves liable to be charged for extortion. The innocent will often be brought into trouble. It is therefore requested that Police Officers and Inspectors may be train-